

## **Generator Set**

# **Specification**

Customer Company Name: Contact Name (Phone#)

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#### SECTION 263213.16 - GASEOUS EMERGENCY ENGINE GENERATORS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes packaged engine generators for emergency use with the following features:
  - 1. Natural gas engine.
  - 2. Gaseous fuel system.
  - 3. Alternator.
  - 4. Unit-mounted radiator.
  - 5. Control and monitoring.
  - 6. Generator overcurrent and fault protection.
  - 7. Generator, exciter, and voltage regulator.
  - 8. Outdoor engine generator enclosure.
  - 9. Finishes.

#### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 262313 "Paralleling Low-Voltage Switchgear" for controls and paralleling equipment for large or multiple parallel engine generators.
- 2. Section 263600 "Transfer Switches" for transfer switches including sensors and relays to initiate automatic-starting and -stopping signals for engine generators.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. AREP: Auxiliary winding regulation excitation principle. Voltage support for the AVR comes from independent auxiliary windings located in the main stator.
- B. AVR: Automatic voltage regulator.
- C. EPS: Emergency power supply.
- D. EPSS: Emergency power supply system.
- E. LP: Liquid petroleum.
- F. NG: Natural Gas
- G. Operational Bandwidth: The total variation from the lowest to highest value of a parameter over the range of conditions indicated, expressed as a percentage of the nominal value of the parameter.

H. PMG: Permanent magnet generator. Voltage support for the AVR comes from an independent auxiliary permanent magnet generator which is mounted on the shaft extension of the alternator.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
  - 2. Include thermal damage curve for generator.
  - 3. Include time-current characteristic curves for generator protective device.
  - 4. Include fuel consumption in cubic feet per hour (cubic meters per hour) at 0.8 power factor at 0.5, 0.75, and 1.0 times generator capacity.
  - 5. Include generator efficiency at 0.8 power factor at 0.5, 0.75, and 1.0 times generator capacity.
  - 6. Include airflow requirements for cooling and combustion air in cubic feet per minute (cubic meters per minute) at 0.8 power factor, and reference air-supply temperature. Provide Drawings indicating requirements and limitations for location of air intake and exhausts.
  - 7. Include generator characteristics, including, but not limited to, kilowatt rating, efficiency, reactances, and short-circuit current capability.

#### B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include plans and elevations for engine generator and other components specified.
- 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
- 3. Identify fluid drain ports and clearance requirements for proper fluid drain.
- 4. Design calculations for selecting vibration isolators and seismic restraints and for designing vibration isolation bases.
- 5. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and supported equipment. Include base weights.
- 6. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring. Complete schematic, wiring, and interconnection diagrams showing terminal markings for EPS equipment and functional relationship between all electrical components.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Source Quality-Control Reports: Including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Certified summary of prototype-unit test report.
  - 2. Certified Test Reports: For components and accessories that are equivalent, but not identical, to those tested on prototype unit.
  - 3. Certified Summary of Performance Tests: Certify compliance with specified requirement to meet performance criteria for sensitive loads.
  - 4. Report of factory test on units to be shipped for this Project, showing evidence of compliance with specified requirements.
  - 5. Report of sound generation at octave bands in accordance with ISO 8528-10.
  - 6. Report of exhaust emissions showing compliance with applicable regulations.
  - 7. Certified Torsional Vibration Compatibility: Comply with NFPA 110.

B. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For packaged engine generators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
  - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
    - a. List of tools and replacement items recommended to be stored at Project for ready access. Include part and drawing numbers, current unit prices, and source of supply.
    - b. Operating instructions mounted adjacent to generator location.
    - c. Training plan.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of packaged engine generators and associated auxiliary components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: [5] FIVE years comprehensive from date of beneficial use.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Rolls Royce MTU; GS260 or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Rolls Royce mtu COLLICUTT ENERGY
    - a. Tony Miccolis 310-245-0292 tony.miccolis@collicutt.com

## B. Source Limitations:

- 1. Obtain packaged engine generators and engines from a single manufacturer.
- 2. Obtain packaged engine generators and auxiliary components from a single manufacturer.
- 3. Any alternate shall be submitted for approval to the consulting engineer at least 14 days prior to bid.
- 4. Alternate bids must list any deviations from this specification. Any changes to the generator set installation requirements due to manufacturers' products differing from the Basis-of-Design Product are the responsibility of the contractor.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. ANSI B11 Compliance: Comply with ANSI B11.19.
- B. CSA Compliance:
  - 1. Comply with CSA 22.1.
  - 2. Comply with CSA 282.
- C. NFPA Compliance:
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 37.
  - 2. Comply with NFPA 70.
  - 3. Comply with NFPA 99.
  - 4. Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level [1] EPSS.
- D. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 2200.
- E. Engine Exhaust Emissions: Comply with EPA requirements and applicable state and local government requirements.
- F. Noise Emission: Comply with [applicable state and local government requirements] for maximum noise level at [adjacent property boundaries] due to sound emitted by engine generator, including engine, engine exhaust, engine cooling-air intake and discharge, and other components of installation. Comply with ISO 8528-10 for sound measurements at 23.0 feet (7 m).
- G. Environmental Conditions: Engine generator system shall withstand the following environmental conditions without mechanical or electrical damage or degradation of performance capability:
  - 1. Ambient Temperature: 68 to 104 deg F (20 to 40 deg C).
  - 2. Relative Humidity: Zero to 100 percent.
  - 3. Altitude: Sea level to [500 feet]

## 2.3 ENGINE GENERATOR ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

- A. Factory-assembled and -tested, water-cooled engine, with brushless generator and accessories.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- C. EPSS Class: Engine generator shall be classified as Class 6 according to NFPA 110.
- D. Service Load: 260kW.
- E. Power Factor: [0.8]
- F. Frequency: 60 Hz.
- G. Voltage: 480 -V ac.

- H. Three-phase twelve-wire wye.
- I. Induction Method: Best fit.
- J. Governor: Adjustable isochronous, with speed sensing.
- K. Mounting Frame: Structural-steel framework to maintain alignment of mounted components without depending on concrete foundation. Provide lifting attachments sized and spaced to prevent deflection of base during lifting and moving.
  - 1. Rigging Diagram: Inscribed on metal plate permanently attached to mounting frame to indicate location and lifting capacity of each lifting attachment and engine generator center of gravity.

## L. Capacities and Characteristics:

- 1. Power Output Ratings: Nominal ratings as indicated at 0.8 power factor excluding power required for the continued and repeated operation of the unit and auxiliaries [, with capacity as required to operate as a unit as evidenced by records of prototype testing].
- 2. Nameplates: For each major system component to identify manufacturer's name, model, and serial number, of component.

## M. Engine Generator Performance:

- 1. Steady-State Voltage Operational Bandwidth: 0.25 percent of rated output voltage, from no load to full load, and one-percent for non-PMG alternators.
- 2. Load Factor: 85-percent load factor according to ISO 8528-1.
  - a. If below, supplier shall provide updated documents for performance modified to 85% load factor in regards to time before overhaul (TBO) and the respective maintenance schedule.
- 3. Transient Voltage Performance: Not more than [30] percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Voltage shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within 3-seconds.
- 4. Steady-State Frequency Operational Bandwidth: One-percent of rated frequency, from no load to full load.
- 5. Steady-State Frequency Stability: When system is operating at any constant load within the rated load, there shall be no random speed variations outside the steady-state operational band and no hunting or surging of speed.
- 6. Transient Frequency Performance: Less than 10 percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Frequency shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within five seconds.
- 7. Output Waveform: At no load, harmonic content measured line to line or line to neutral shall not exceed 5 percent total and 3 percent for single harmonics. Telephone influence factor, determined according to NEMA MG 1, shall not exceed 50 percent.
- 8. Sustained Short-Circuit Current: For a three-phase, bolted short circuit at system output terminals, system shall supply a minimum of 300 percent of rated full-load current for not less than 10 seconds and then clear the fault automatically with PMG/AREP, without damage to generator system components.
- 9. Start Time: Comply with NFPA 110, system requirements.

#### 2.4 ENGINE

- A. Fuel: Natural gas.
- B. Rated Engine Speed: 1800 rpm.
- C. Lubrication System: Engine or skid mounted.
  - 1. Filter and Strainer: Select according to engine manufacturer's requirements for particle removal
  - 2. Thermostatic Control Valve: Control flow in system to maintain optimum oil temperature. Unit shall be capable of full flow and is designed to be fail-safe.
  - 3. Crankcase Drain: Arranged for complete gravity drainage to an easily removable container with no disassembly and without use of pumps, siphons, special tools, or appliances.
- D. Jacket Coolant Heater: Electric-immersion type, factory installed in coolant jacket system. Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level 1 equipment for heater capacity and with UL 499.
- E. Cooling System: Closed loop, liquid cooled, with radiator factory mounted on engine generator mounting frame and integral engine-driven coolant pump.
  - 1. Coolant: Glycol-based antifreeze and water mixture for freeze protection to 0 deg F(minus 18 deg C), with anticorrosion additives as recommended by engine manufacturer.
  - 2. Size of Radiator: Adequate to contain expansion of total system coolant, from cold start to 100 percent load condition.
  - 3. Expansion Tank: Rated to withstand maximum closed-loop coolant-system pressure for engine used. Equip with gage glass and petcock. Replace gage glass with a pressure sensor when gage glass is located more than 8 feet (2.4 m) from the floor.
  - 4. Temperature Control: Self-contained, thermostatic-control valve modulates coolant flow automatically to maintain optimum constant coolant temperature as recommended by engine manufacturer.
  - 5. Coolant Hose: Flexible assembly with inside surface of nonporous rubber and outer covering of aging-, UV-, and abrasion-resistant fabric.
    - a. Rating: 50-psig (345-kPa) maximum working pressure with coolant at 180 deg F (82 deg C), and noncollapsible under vacuum.
    - b. End Fittings: Flanges or steel pipe nipples with clamps to suit piping and equipment connections.
- F. Muffler/Silencer: Critical grade (level 2), sized as recommended by engine manufacturer and selected with exhaust piping system to not exceed engine manufacturer's engine backpressure requirements.
  - 1. Minimum sound attenuation of 18 dB
  - 2. With factory installed 3 way catalyst and A/F ratio control
- G. Air-Intake Filter: Single-stage, engine-mounted air cleaner with replaceable dry-filter element and "blocked filter" indicator.
- H. Starting System: 24-V electric, with negative ground.
  - 1. Components: Sized so they are not damaged during a full engine-cranking cycle, with ambient temperature at maximum specified in "Performance Requirements" Article.

- 2. Cranking Motor: Heavy-duty unit that automatically engages and releases from engine flywheel without binding.
- 3. Cranking Cycle: As required by NFPA 110 for system level specified.
- 4. Battery: Lead acid, with capacity within ambient temperature range specified in "Performance Requirements" Article to provide NFPA 110 specified cranking cycle without recharging.
- 5. Battery Cable: Size as recommended by engine manufacturer for cable length indicated. Include required interconnecting conductors and connection accessories.
- 6. Battery Compartment: Factory fabricated of metal with acid-resistant finish and thermal insulation. Include accessories required to support and fasten batteries in place.
  - a. Compartment Heater: Thermostatically controlled heater shall be arranged to maintain battery above 50 deg F (10 deg C) regardless of external ambient temperature within range specified in "Performance Requirements" Article.
  - b. Compartment Ventilation: Provide ventilation to exhaust battery gases.
- 7. Battery Stand: Factory-fabricated, two-tier metal with acid-resistant finish designed to hold the quantity of battery cells required and to maintain the arrangement to minimize lengths of battery interconnections.
- 8. Battery-Charging Alternator: Factory mounted on engine with solid-state voltage regulation and 10-A minimum continuous rating.
- 9. Battery Charger: Current-limiting, automatic-equalizing and float-charging type designed for lead-acid batteries. Unit shall comply with UL 1236 and include the following features:
  - a. Operation: Equalizing-charging rate of 10 A shall be initiated automatically after battery has lost charge until an adjustable equalizing voltage is achieved at battery terminals. Unit shall then be automatically switched to a lower float-charging mode and shall continue to operate in that mode until battery is discharged again.
  - b. Automatic Temperature Compensation: Adjust float and equalize voltages for variations in ambient temperature from minus 40 to 140 deg F (minus 40 to plus 60 deg C) to prevent overcharging at high temperatures and undercharging at low temperatures.
    - 1) Temperature Probe: Equip battery charger with a temperature probe on the negative cable when battery heaters are used.
  - c. Automatic Voltage Regulation: Maintain constant output voltage regardless of input voltage variations up to plus or minus 10 percent.
  - d. Ammeter and Voltmeter: Flush mounted in door. Meters shall indicate charging rates.
  - e. Safety Functions: Sense abnormally low battery voltage and close contacts providing low battery voltage indication on control and monitoring panel. Sense high battery voltage and loss of ac input or dc output of battery charger. Either condition shall close contacts that provide a battery-charger malfunction indication at system control and monitoring panel.
  - f. Enclosure and Mounting: NEMA 250, Type 1, wall-mounted cabinet.

#### 2.5 GASEOUS FUEL SYSTEM

- A. Natural Gas Piping: Comply with requirements in Section 231123 "Facility Natural Gas Piping."
- B. LP Gas Piping: Comply with requirements in Section 231126 "Facility Liquefied-Petroleum Gas Piping."

- C. Gas Train: Comply with NFPA 37.
- D. Tanks: Comply with requirements for storage containers in Section 231126 "Facility Liquefied-Petroleum Gas Piping."
- E. Engine Fuel System:
  - 1. Natural Gas, [Vapor]-Withdrawal System:
    - a. Carburetor.
    - b. Secondary Gas Regulators: One for each fuel type, with atmospheric vents piped to building exterior.
    - c. Fuel-Shutoff Solenoid Valves: NRTL-listed, normally closed, safety shutoff valves; one for each fuel source.
  - 2. Manual Fuel Shutoff Valves: One for each fuel type.
  - 3. Flexible Fuel Connectors: Minimum one for each fuel connection.

## 2.6 CONTROL AND MONITORING

- A. Automatic Starting System Sequence of Operation: When mode-selector switch on the control and monitoring panel is in the automatic position, remote-control contacts in one or more separate automatic transfer switches initiate starting and stopping of engine generator. When mode-selector switch is switched to the on position, engine generator starts. The off position of same switch initiates engine generator shutdown. When engine generator is running, specified system or equipment failures or derangements automatically shut down engine generator and initiate alarms.
- B. Provide minimum run-time control set for 15 minutes, with override only by operation of a remote emergency-stop switch.
- C. Comply with UL 2200 for stationary engine generator assemblies and UL 508A for ancillary controls, such as Master Control Panel mounted off the generator set.
- D. Configuration: Operating and safety indications, protective devices, basic system controls, and engine gages shall be grouped in a common control and monitoring panel mounted on the engine generator. Mounting method shall isolate the control panel from engine generator vibration. Panel shall be powered from the engine generator battery.
- E. Configuration: Operating and safety indications, protective devices, basic system controls, engine gages, instrument transformers, generator disconnect switch or circuit breaker, and other indicated components shall be grouped in a combination control and power panel. Control and monitoring section of panel shall be isolated from power sections by steel barriers. Panel shall be powered from the engine generator battery. Panel features shall include the following:
  - 1. Wall-Mounting Cabinet Construction: Rigid, self-supporting steel unit complying with NEMA ICS 6 and NEMA 250.
  - 2. Switchboard Construction: Freestanding unit complying with Section 262413 "Switchboards." Power bus shall be copper. Bus, bus supports, control wiring, and temperature rise shall comply with UL 891.
  - 3. Switchgear Construction: Freestanding unit complying with Section 262300 "Low-Voltage Switchgear."
  - 4. Environmental Operating Conditions: expected

- 5. Controller Compliance: Comply with UL, NFPA, CSA, and CE.
- 6.
- F. Control and Monitoring Panel:
  - 1. Digital controller with integrated LCD display, controls, and microprocessor, capable of local and remote control, monitoring, and programming, with battery backup.
    - a. PLC logic incorporating drag and drop ladder logic available for the owner/user. Logic shall be designed such that all parameters within the generator set controller can be used in addition to additional inputs and outputs.
  - 2. Instruments: Located on the control and monitoring panel and viewable during operation.
    - a. Engine lubricating-oil pressure gage.
    - b. Engine-coolant temperature gage.
    - c. DC voltmeter (alternator battery charging).
    - d. Running-time meter.
    - e. AC voltmeter, [for each phase]
    - f. AC ammeter, [for each phase]
    - g. AC frequency meter.
    - h. Digital generator-voltage-adjusting feature to allow plus or minus 5 percent adjustment.
  - 3. Controls and Protective Devices: Controls, shutdown devices, and common visual alarm and pre-alarm indication as required by NFPA 110 for Level [1] system, including the following:
    - a. Cranking control equipment.
    - b. Run-Off-Auto switch.
    - c. Control switch not in automatic position alarm.
    - d. Overcrank alarm.
    - e. Overcrank shutdown device.
    - f. Low water temperature alarm.
    - g. High engine temperature pre-alarm.
    - h. High engine temperature.
    - i. High engine temperature shutdown device.
    - j. Engine exhaust temperature.
    - k. High engine exhaust temperature alarm.
    - l. Overspeed alarm.
    - m. Overspeed shutdown device.
    - n. Low-fuel main tank.
      - 1) Low-fuel-pressure alarm shall be initiated when the level falls below that required for operation for the duration required for the indicated EPSS class.
    - o. Coolant low-level alarm.
    - p. Coolant low-level shutdown device.
    - q. Coolant high-temperature prealarm.
    - r. Coolant high-temperature alarm.
    - s. Coolant low-temperature alarm.
    - t. Coolant high-temperature shutdown device.
    - u. EPS load indicator.
    - v. Battery high-voltage alarm.
    - w. Low-cranking voltage alarm.
    - x. Battery-charger malfunction alarm.
    - y. Battery low-voltage alarm.
    - z. Lamp test.

- aa. Contacts for local and remote common alarm.
- bb. Remote manual-stop shutdown device.
- cc. Generator overcurrent-protective-device not-closed alarm.
- dd. Generator overspeed.
- ee. Generator over and under voltage.
- G. Connection to Datalink:
  - 1. A separate terminal block, factory wired to Form C dry contacts, for each alarm and status indication.
  - 2. Provide connections for datalink transmission of indications to remote data terminals via ModBus. Data system connections to terminals are covered in Section 260913 "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control."
  - 3. Provide RTU communication interface.
  - 4. Additional inputs and outputs:
    - a. Inputs:
      - 1) Digital: [16] configurable digital inputs.
    - b. Outputs:
      - 1) [3] configurable outputs.
- H. Remote Display Panel: Comply with NFPA 99. An LED indicator light labeled with proper alarm conditions shall identify each alarm event, and a common audible signal shall sound for each alarm condition. Silencing switch in face of panel shall silence signal without altering visual indication. Connect so that after an alarm is silenced, clearing of initiating condition will reactivate alarm until silencing switch is reset. Cabinet and faceplate are surface- or flush-mounting type to suit mounting conditions indicated.
  - 1. Overcrank alarm.
  - 2. Coolant low-temperature alarm.
  - 3. High engine temperature pre-alarm.
  - 4. High engine temperature alarm.
  - 5. Low lube oil pressure alarm.
  - 6. Overspeed alarm.
  - 7. Low-fuel main tank alarm.
  - 8. Low coolant level alarm.
  - 9. Low-cranking voltage alarm.
  - 10. Contacts for local and remote common alarm.
  - 11. Audible-alarm silencing switch.
  - 12. Run-Off-Auto switch.
  - 13. Control switch not in automatic position alarm.
  - 14. Fuel tank derangement alarm.
  - 15. Fuel tank high-level shutdown of fuel supply alarm.
  - 16. Lamp test.
  - 17. Low-cranking voltage alarm.
  - 18. Generator overcurrent-protective-device not-closed alarm.
- I. Supporting Items: Include sensors, transducers, terminals, relays, and other devices and include wiring required to support specified items. Locate sensors and other supporting items on engine or generator unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Remote Emergency-Stop Switch: Flush; wall mounted unless otherwise indicated; and labeled. Push button shall be protected from accidental operation.

#### 2.7 GENERATOR OVERCURRENT AND FAULT PROTECTION

- A. Overcurrent protective devices for the entire EPSS shall be coordinated to optimize selective tripping when a short circuit occurs. Coordination of protective devices shall consider both utility and EPSS as the voltage source.
  - 1. Overcurrent protective devices for the EPSS shall be accessible only to authorized personnel.
- B. Generator Circuit Breaker: Molded-case, thermal-magnetic type; 100 percent rated; complying with UL 489.
  - 1. Tripping Characteristic: Designed specifically for generator protection.
  - 2. Trip Rating: Matched to generator output rating. **300A**
  - 3. Shunt Trip: Connected to trip breaker when engine generator is shut down by other protective devices.
  - 4. Mounting: Adjacent to, or integrated with, control and monitoring panel.

## 2.8 GENERATOR, EXCITER, AND VOLTAGE REGULATOR

- A. Comply with NEMA MG 1.
- B. Drive: Generator shaft shall be directly connected to engine shaft. Exciter shall be rotated integrally with generator rotor.
- C. Electrical Insulation: Class H or Class F.
- D. Stator-Winding Leads: Brought out to terminal box to permit future reconnection for other voltages if required. Provide [12]-lead alternator.
- E. Range: Provide [limited] range of output voltage by adjusting the excitation level.
- F. Construction shall prevent mechanical, electrical, and thermal damage due to vibration, overspeed up to 125 percent of rating, and heat during operation at 100 percent of rated capacity.
- G. Enclosure: Dripproof.
  - 1. Ingress Protection Rating (IP): Follow IEC 60529 [and IP23].
- H. Instrument Transformers: Mounted within generator enclosure.
- I. Voltage Regulator: Solid-state type, separate from exciter, providing performance as specified and as required by NFPA 110.
  - 1. Digital Adjustment on Control and Monitoring Panel: Provide plus or minus 5 percent adjustment of output-voltage operating band.
  - 2. Maintain voltage within [40] percent on one step, full load.
  - 3. Provide anti-hunt provision to stabilize voltage.
  - 4. Maintain frequency within [20] percent and stabilize at rated frequency within [five] seconds.

- J. Strip Heater: Thermostatically controlled unit arranged to maintain stator windings above dew point.
- K. Windings: [Two-thirds] pitch stator winding and fully linked amortisseur winding.

#### 2.9 OUTDOOR ENGINE GENERATOR ENCLOSURE

- A. Description: Prefabricated or preengineered, galvanized-steel-clad, integral structural-steel-framed, skin-tight enclosure; erected on concrete foundation.
- B. Structural Design and Anchorage: Comply with ASCE/SEI 7-10 for wind loads up to 130 mph(209 km/h).
- C. Seismic Design: Comply with seismic requirements in Section 260548.16 "Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- D. Hinged Doors: Manufacturer's standard construction
- E. Thermal Insulation: Manufacturer's standard materials and thickness selected in coordination with space heater to maintain winter interior temperature within operating limits required by engine generator components.
- F. Muffler Location: [Within] enclosure No exceptions
- G. Engine-Cooling Airflow through Enclosure: Maintain temperature rise of system components within required limits when unit operates at 100 percent of rated load for two hours with ambient temperature at top of range specified in system service conditions.
  - 1. Louvers: Fixed-engine, cooling-air inlet and discharge. Stormproof, drainable, fixed, louvers to prevent entry of rain and snow.
  - 2. Ventilation: Provide temperature-controlled exhaust fan interlocked to prevent operation when engine is running.
- H. Sound Attenuation: When measured at 23.0 feet (7 m) from sides of unit, attenuation shall be <80> dBA or less. Octave band sound report shall be provided based on similar unit construction.

## 2.10 FINISHES

- A. Outdoor Enclosures and Components: [Powder-coated finish over steel] enclosure.
  - 1. Components: Liquid paint.

## 2.11 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prototype Testing: Factory test engine generator using same engine model, constructed of identical or equivalent components and equipped with identical or equivalent accessories.
  - 1. Tests: Comply with NFPA 110, Level 1 Energy Converters and with IEEE 115.

- B. Project-Specific Equipment Tests: Before shipment, factory test engine generator and other system components and accessories manufactured specifically for this Project. Perform tests at rated load and power factor. Include the following tests:
  - 1. Test components and accessories furnished with installed unit that are not identical to those on tested prototype to demonstrate compatibility and reliability.
  - 2. Test generator, exciter, and voltage regulator as a unit.
  - 3. Full-load run.
  - 4. Maximum power.
  - 5. Voltage regulation.
  - 6. Transient and steady-state governing.
  - 7. Single-step load pickup.
  - 8. Safety shutdown.
  - 9. Provide 14 days' advance notice of tests and opportunity for observation of tests by Owner's representative.
  - 10. Report factory test results within 5 days of completion of test.
    - a. Report factory test results within 48 hours of completion of a customer witness test at the factory.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, equipment bases, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation and other conditions affecting packaged engine generator performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping systems and electrical connections to verify actual locations of connections before packaged engine generator installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Interruption of Existing Electrical Service: Do not interrupt electrical service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electrical service according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify [Construction Manager] [Owner] no fewer than [two] working days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
  - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without [Construction Manager's] [Owner's] written permission.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 404.

- B. Comply with packaged engine generator manufacturers' written installation and alignment instructions and with NFPA 110.
- C. Equipment Mounting:
  - Install packaged engine generators on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in [Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."] [Section 033053 "Miscellaneous Cast-in-Place Concrete."]
  - 2. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases for packaged engine generators. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified with concrete.
  - 3. Install [packaged engine generator] engine generator in a skin-tight enclosure with on 4-inch- (100-mm-) high concrete housekeeping / base. Secure [sets] [enclosure] to anchor bolts installed in concrete bases. Concrete base construction is specified in Section 260548.16 "Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- D. Install packaged engine generator to provide access, without removing connections or accessories, for periodic maintenance.
- E. Cooling System: Piping materials and installation requirements are specified in Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping."
  - 1. Install isolating thimbles where exhaust piping penetrates combustible surfaces. Provide a minimum of 9 inches (225 mm) of clearance from combustibles.
  - 2. Insulate cooling-system piping and components according to requirements in Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
- F. Exhaust System: Install Schedule 40 black steel piping with welded or flanged joints and connect to engine muffler. Install thimble at wall. Piping shall be same diameter as muffler outlet.
  - 1. Install flexible connectors and steel piping materials according to requirements in Section 232116 "Hydronic Piping Specialties."
  - 2. Insulate muffler/silencer and exhaust system components according to requirements in Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
  - 3. Install isolating thimbles where exhaust piping penetrates combustible surfaces with a minimum of 9 inches (225 mm) of clearance from combustibles.
- G. Gaseous Fuel Piping:
  - 1. Natural gas piping, valves, and specialties for gas distribution are specified in Section 231123 "Facility Natural Gas Piping."
  - 2. LP gas piping, valves, and specialties for gas piping are specified in Section 231126 "Facility Liquefied-Petroleum Gas Piping."
- H. Electrical Wiring: Install electrical devices furnished by equipment manufacturers but not specified to be factory mounted.

#### 3.4 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping and specialties.

- B. Connect piping adjacent to packaged engine generator to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect cooling-system water piping to engine generator with flexible connectors.
- D. Connect engine exhaust pipe to engine with flexible connector.
- E. Gaseous Fuel Connections:
  - 1. Connect fuel piping to engines with a gate valve and union and flexible connector.
  - 2. Install manual shutoff valve in a remote location to isolate gaseous fuel supply to the generator.
  - 3. Vent gas pressure regulators outside building a minimum of 60 inches (1500 mm) from building openings.
- F. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- G. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables." Provide a minimum of one 90-degree bend in flexible conduit routed to the engine generator from a stationary element.
- H. Balance single-phase loads to obtain a maximum of 10 percent unbalance between any two phases.

#### 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components according to Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" and Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Install a sign indicating the generator neutral is bonded to the main service neutral at the main service location.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical and mechanical test listed in first two subparagraphs below, as specified in NETA ATS. Certify compliance with test parameters.
    - a. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
      - 1) Compare equipment nameplate data with Drawings and the Specifications.
      - 2) Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
      - 3) Inspect anchorage, alignment, and grounding.
      - 4) Verify that the unit is clean.
    - b. Electrical and Mechanical Tests:
      - 1) Perform insulation-resistance tests according to IEEE 43.

- a) Machines Larger Than 200 hp ((150 kW):) Test duration shall be 10 minutes. Calculate polarization index.
- b) Machines 200 hp (150 kW) or Less: Test duration shall be one minute. Calculate the dielectric-absorption ratio.
- c) Test is allowed to be done by the manufacturer during assembly in the case where field test requires disassembly of factory wiring and can void warranty.
- 2) Test protective relay devices.
- 3) Verify phase rotation, phasing, and synchronized operation as required by the application.
- 4) Functionally test engine shutdown for low oil pressure, overtemperature, overspeed, and other protection features as applicable.
- 5) Conduct performance test according to NFPA 110.
- 6) Verify correct functioning of the governor and regulator.
- 2. NFPA 110 Acceptance Tests: Perform tests required by NFPA 110 that are additional to those specified here including, but not limited to, single-step full-load pickup test.
- 3. Battery Tests: Equalize charging of battery cells according to manufacturer's written instructions. Record individual cell voltages.
  - a. Measure charging voltage and voltages between available battery terminals for full-charging and float-charging conditions. Check electrolyte level and specific gravity under both conditions.
  - b. Verify that measurements are within manufacturer's specifications.
- 4. Battery-Charger Tests: Verify specified rates of charge for both equalizing and float-charging conditions.
- 5. System Integrity Tests: Methodically verify proper installation, connection, and integrity of each element of engine generator system before and during system operation. Check for air, exhaust, and fluid leaks.
- 6. Exhaust Emissions Test: Comply with applicable government test criteria.
- 7. Voltage and Frequency Transient Stability Tests: Use recording oscilloscope to measure voltage and frequency transients for 50 and 100 percent step-load increases and decreases, and verify that performance is as specified.
- C. Coordinate tests with tests for transfer switches and run them concurrently.
- D. Test instruments shall have been calibrated within the past 12 months, traceable to NIST Calibration Services, and adequate for making positive observation of test results. Make calibration records available for examination on request.
- E. Leak Test: After installation, charge exhaust, coolant, and fuel systems and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- F. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation for generator and associated equipment.
- G. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- H. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and [retest] [reinspect] as specified above.

- I. Retest: Correct deficiencies identified by tests and observations, and retest until specified requirements are met.
- J. Report results of tests and inspections in writing. Record adjustable relay settings and measured insulation resistances, time delays, and other values and observations. Attach a label or tag to each tested component indicating satisfactory completion of tests.

## 3.7 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Maintenance Contract. Generator supplier to provide a one year maintenance contract, two times per year with load bank testing. On the 6th month following start-up, a visual inspection will be conducted along with topping off of fluids (coolant & oil) Diesel fuel not included. On the 12th month following start up, a visual inspection will be conducted along with an oil and filter change with a 2 hour load bank test. Load bank test report will be provided to the end user

#### 3.8 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain packaged engine generators.

**END OF SECTION 263213.16**